Role of pharmacist in ambulatory care setting

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1. Pharmacist’s roles in ambulatory care setting includes: Patient education:
   Patient education is the process by which health professionals and others impart information to patients and their caregivers that will alter their health behaviors or improve their health status.
2. Patient consulting:
Defined as providing medication information orally or in written form to the patients or their representative on direction of use, advice on side effects, precautions, storage, diet and life style modifications.

3. Medication Management:
4. Medication therapy Managements medical care provided by pharmacists whose aim is to optimize drug therapy and improve therapeutic outcomes for patients. Eleven international national pharmacy organizations adopted this definition in 2004. Medication therapy management includes a broad range of professional activities, including but not limited to performing patient assessment and/or a comprehensive medication review, formulating a medication treatment plan, monitoring efficacy and safety of medication therapy, enhancing medication adherence through patient
empowerment and education, and documenting and communicating.